Continued Rain Interfered with the

THE PARADE HAD TO BE' DECLARED OFF.

Other Outdoor Features of the Re-All of the Old Officers Re-Elected by Acclamation-United Sons of Confederate Veterans.

Louisville, Ky., May 30.—Surrounded by waving banners bearing the flery cross of waving banners bearing the fiery cross of the confederacy, listening to the cheers from the throats of 3,000 men who wore the gray, and confronted by the waving handkerchiefs of hundreds of ladles, Gen. John B. Gurdon, commander of the Unit-ed Confederate Veterans, formally opened the tenth annual reunion, which, in point of attendance, is the largest ever held since the incention of the order. of attendance, is the largest ever since the inception of the order. Despite the drawbacks of inclement weather the opening of the reunion was weather the opening of the reunion was a great success. By 11:30 the hall was well filled. A portion of the Georgia delegation, headed by a drum corps, came marching in, making the building rirg with martial music and calling foctn cheers from those assembled in the hall.

The Old Rebel Yell. A veteran from Georgia waked the A veteran from Georgia waked the crowd to genuine enthusiasm, when he came in carrying the old battle flag of the Third Georgia infantry. Scarcely had ne taken his seat when the band struck up "Dixie." Then came the old rebel yell, and it came with a fire and vigor that was scarcely surpassed during the days of the war. "The Bonnie Blue Flag," "My Maryland" and other songs of the war

time followed.
On the platform beside Gen. Poyntz were Gen. Simon B. Buckner, Rev. J. W. M. Jones, Hon. J. H. Reagan, of Texas, the only surviving member of the cabinet of Jefferson Davis; Gen. W. T. Cabeil, Gen. J. H. Wes., Col. Thomas W. Bullitt, Col. Bennett H. Young, Rev. Carter Heim Jones, Dr. B. M. Palmer and others.



GEN. JOHN B. GORDON. Maj.-Gen. Poyntz, commanding the Kentucky division of the Confederate Veterens, called the reunion to order at Rehall shortly after 12 o'clock. After I man. The committee recomm the doxology had been sung by the assembly, which packed the great hall to the doors, Rev. J. William Jones, chaplain-in-chief this committee to appoint chief, made a short prayer, and then Gen. Poyntz introduced Mayor Weaver of Lou-

isville, who welcomed the visitors to the Addresses of Welcome.

Then came a series of short welcoming addresses. Col. Thomas W. Bullitt extended a greeting on behalf of the members of the board of trade. Rev. Carter Helm Jones spoke for the Commercial club; Attila Cox, for the finance committee of the reunion; Judge Hazelrigg, of the supreme court of Kentucky, on behalf of the Kentucky division of the Confederate Veteraus. The last welcoming address of the day was delivered by Gen. Simon Polithe day was delivered by Gen. Simon Polivar Buckner, who spoke for the confederates of Kentucky. Col. Bennett H. Young, of this city,

chairman of the reunion committee, pro-sented the building to the veterans in an Gen. John B. Gordon, commander of the United Confederate Veterans. responded to the address of Col. Young. Gen. Gordon was received with enthusiastic cheers, and his speech was received with great applause at frequent intervals. As Gen. Gordon resumed his seat, Gen. Poyntz, in a neat introductory speech, brought forward Rev. B. M. Palmer, of New Orleans who delivered the annual ad-

At the conclusion of the address of Dr. Falmer the meeting adjourned for the day, after appointing committees on credenials and resolutions.

SECOND DAY.

Morning Session. Louisville, Ky., May 31.—The second session of the Confederate reunion, which convened at ten o'clock in Reunion hali was devoted to business. Although the morning's session was to be devoted entirely to matters of busi-ness, and there were to be comparatively no features of interest compared with the opening session of Wednesday, the crowd in Reunion hall was fully as large as that of Wednesday.

A Scene of Enthusiasm. The tattered battle flag of the Third Georgia infantry evoked ringing cheers as it came fluttering into the hall, escortas it came fluttering into the hall, escort-ted by a long line of stalwart gray-c.id veterans. While the battle flag was com-ing up one side of the aisle, the battalion of malmed veterans from Atlanta came marching down the aisle on the opposite side. The assembly with one accord rose to its feet and remained standing, while smid loud cheers the crippled veterans limped to their seats.

The Session Opened. At 10:22 Gen. Gordon rapped for order. He then asked that the assembly join in singing "All hall the power of Jesus' name," and after one stanza of the hymn had been sung Gen. Gordon introduced Bishop Dudley, of Kentucky, who aclivered a touching invocation. On motion of Gen. Walker, of South Carolina, a loving message of congratulation was sent to the United Sons of Confederate Veterans, who were in session in the criminal court building.

Monument to Women.

Col. Packwood, of Louisiana, introduced a resolution providing for the erection, in Richmond, Va., of a monument to commemmorate the sacrifices and loyalty of the women of the confederacy during the war. The resolution stated that the matter should be placed entirely in the hands of Gen. John B. Gordon. The resolution was referred to the committee on resolutions.

A resolution was offered by Gen. Carr, of North Carolina, stating that the confederate veterans recognized with friendly feeling the recent utterances of northern men regarding the army of Northern Virginia, and that is was the opinion of the confederate veterans that there is no sectionalism in the valor of the American soldier.

At 12:15 the convention recessed until three o'clock. Prior to taking recess James Dinkins, of Louisiana, announced that during the afternoon he would offer a resolution urging the president of the United States to name a naval cruiser after Miss Helen Gould, in grateful recognition of her services to the country during the Spanish-American war. W. R. Garret, chairman of the educa-tional committee, read the report of his committee, dwelling upon the researches made into the history of the war by the committee. During the report he paid a high tribute to the personal character of President Abraham Lincoin.

Afternoon Session. When the convention reassembled the annual election of officers was proceeded with, all the old officers being re-elected by acclamation, as follows:

Gen. John B. Gordon, general command
Railroad Accident.

ing.
Lieut.-Gen. Wade Hampton, commanding Army of Northern Virginia department.
Lieut.-Gen. S. D. Lee, commanding Army of Tennessee department.
Lieut.-Gen. W. L. Cabell, commanding Transmississippi department.
Cheer after cheer rang through the nell as Gen. Gordon came forward to express his thanks for the honor done him. Hats, handkerchiefs and canes filled the a'r. and above them all came the old yell made famous on many a less pleasant orcasion. Generals Lee and Cabell also feelingly expressed their thanks.

Gen. Irving Walker, of South Carolina spoke for Gen. Wade Hampton, who was detained at home by illness. Transmississippi Soldier.

Transmississippi Soldier.

Senator Berry, of Arkansas, was then introduced. He received an ovation as he came to the front of the platform. He spoke upon the subject of "The Soldier of the Transmissippi."

He called upon his hearers to rememoer that the men who charged with Pickett at Gettysburg were not braver than the men who fought at Oak Hill. The men who stood for the confederacy at Pea Hidge, and who followed Price through Missouri were of the same fiber and the same lighting courage as the men who figured in the great events in Virginia.

Mrs. Margaret Jefferson Davis Hayes, and her daughter, Miss Varina Jefferson Davis Hayes, and her daughter of Jefferson Davis, arrived during the day from Rediands, Cal.

Morning Session. Louisville, Ky., June I.—Rain continued failing, and as there was little prospect of its abatement the grand parade federate Veterans and Sons of Veterans federate Veterans and Sons of Veterans arranged for this afterncon was postponed. A number of the features waich were arranged for the entertainment of the veterans were declared off, and the rain curtailed the success of others very materially. The equestrian tournament and the sham battle of Perryville were also declared off.

The convention was called to order at

also declared off.

The convention was called to order at ten o'cock by Gen. Gordon. The report of the historical committee, which was presented Thursday, and made a special order for to-day, was brought up again by Gen. S. D. Lee, and adopted unanmously. Gen. C. A. Evans, chairman of the con-

mittee on the Rattle Abbey, presented the report of the body he represented. On May 26, 1900, the committee had on hand May 25, 1300, the committee had on hand in cash \$65,210; good subscriptions received, \$69,227, making a total of \$124,437. He then read letters from Charles Broadway Rouse, of New York, who cromised \$150,000 in cash whenever an equal sum should be raised by the members of the organization. The report was adopted zation. The report was adopted.

Gen. Gorgon then introduced to the audience Mrs. Adison Hayes, daughter of Jef-ferson Davis; Miss Varina Howell Hayes, grandaughter of Jeff Davis; Miss Carrie Smith, of Tennessee, daughter of Cen-Kirby Smith, and Mrs. George E. Pickett. For every one of them the assembly rose and cheered frantically.

Afternoon Session.

The afternoon session was for the most part taken up with the vote for the place of the next convention, and Memphis was finally decided upon. There was a long depate just prior to the adjournment as to whether or not there should be a parade It was finally determined to bandon the parade, on account of the nciement weather.

The convention then adjourned sine Cie. abandon the

subject to the call for the next annual meeting in Memphis. meeting in Memphis.

The scenes at Thursday night's ball at Reunion hall were repeated on a more claborate scale to-night, when the big reunion ball was given. Of the 25,000 persons entitled to admission, it is estimated that 7,500 had visited the hall by midnight. Only a part of these came as dancers, the larger number of those present occupying chairs placed around the dancing floor or seats in the large balconies. The grand march at 9 p. m. was led by Gen. John B. Gordon, of Georgia, and Mrs. Pickett, widow of the general that

ed the famous charge at Gettysburg. ONS OF CONFEDERATE VETERANS.

Monument to be Erected to the

Women of the Confederacy. Louisville, Ky., June 1.—The real busicess session of the United Sons of Condederate Veterans began at the court-house at 11 o'clock. The report of the committee to erect a monument to the women of the confederacy was read by James Mann, of Nottaway, Va., its chair-man. The committee recommended that a committee of one from each state in the sub-committee to raise funds for the monument. The committee also recommend-ed that the plan be communicated to the United Confederate Veterans, with a re-

ouest for their approval.

Mr. Mann paid a tribute to the women of the south during and after the civil war, and told of their work in erecting war, and told of their work in erecting monuments to confederate dead. He urged that all the Sons of Veterans immediately proceed to raise funds for the monument. The plan of the committee, which was offered as an amendment to the plan adopted at the Charleston resulting, was indorsed by Biscoe Hindman, of Louisville; B. H. Kirk, of Waco, Tex; Commander Colouist of Atlanta and Commander Colquitt, of Atlanta, and William F. Jones, of Georgia, and adopted by the confederation. One hundred dollars was appropriated for the expenses of the monument committee. George B. Myers, of Mississippi, offered a resolution for a revision of the Sons of

Veterans' constitution which was adouted at the Atlanta meeting in 1898. The resolution was adopted The report of Adjt.-Gen. L. D. T. Quin-ley showed 40 camps were organiczd aur-

ing the year, raising the total number from 140 to 180. A resolution was passed pledging the support of the Sons of Veterans to the work of the United Veterans in getting southern histo; is in southern schools Biscoe Hindman, of Louisville, was electde commander-in-chief by acclamation.

James Mann was re-elected commander of the department of Northern Virginia.

George B. Myers, of Mississippi, was elected commander of the department of Tennessee, to succeed Commander Bankhead, of South Carolina.

B. H. Kirk was re-elected commander of the Transmississippi department. After the adoption of the customary resolution of thanks, the convention adjourned sine

RUSSIAN CRUISER VARIAG. he Developed Twenty-Two Knots, Without Showing a Weak Spot, on Her Builder's Trial.

Philadelphia, June 2.-The Russian ruised Variag, which left Cramps' ship yard last Tuesday for her builder's trial at sea, has returned to this tactory test. The big warship and her battery were tried out in every conceivable way, and not one weak spot was found in the boilers. On her speed trial, the cruiser developed 22 kno's an hour, under natural draft, and with one of her boilers out of use, and the builders are confident that she car cover fully 24 knots when put under forced draft.

It Cuts Both Ways. Berlin, June 4 .- The Berlin Butchers' guild has presented a petition to the bundesruth, in connection with the meat inspection bill, claiming that hogs' livers and tongues are necessary in the manufacture of sausage; that in spection in such cases is practicable, and that their importation should be

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

continued.

A Rear-End Collision and a Derailment-Costly in Life and Property Destroyed.

Alliance, Neb., June 4.- A disastrons ear-end collision occurred yesterday on the Burlington, three miles west of here. Engineer Hunting was iastantly killed, Fireman Johnson vers seriously injured and Brakeman Elis badly hurt. Frieght train No. 30 was running in two sections, and the second section crashed into the first. It the Daily Chronicle, was captured yesis thought Engineer Hunting feil terday.

Railroad Accident.

Hamilton, O., June 4 .- The engine of a fast freight on the Cincinnati, Hamilton & Indianapolis railroad jumped the track west of this city yesterday. Eleven cars loaded with stock were wrecked. Timothy Mahoney, David Starkey and Ambrose Smith, trainmen, and two unknown boys who were stealing a ride were killed. The lust

British Prepare to Celebrate the Fall of Pretoria on Unofficial Intelligence.

GEN. ROBERTS IS NOT IN THE CITY YET.

He is Evidently Making Sure Work Around Johannesburg Before Proceeding to the Capital, Which He Will Probably Occupy Within a Few Days.

London, June 1 .- Lord Roberts' latst dispatches shed a somewhat diferent light on the military situation. Before they were received celebrations were organized in the country towns in honor of the fall of Pretoria. In Chester a public holiday was declared. other places in the provinces flags were flown, and rejoicings were general. Pretoria, however, is not yet in the hands of the British, though there is no reason to doubt the authentisity of the report that Kruger has evacuated the place, and that the municipality is ready to surrender when con-

fronted by superior numbers. Attending to Johannesburg First. At nine o'clock Wednesday night the final forward movement on the Transvaal capital had appearently not commenced. All Lord Roberts' dispositions of troops appear to apply to Johannesburg, and though the British seem certain to reach Pretoria within a day of so, they will not occupy i without fighting, if the opposition of the Boers around Johannesburg is any

criterion. Gen. French's Movements. Gen. French's movement appears not so much an immediate advance on Pretoria, as part of a plan to surround Johannesburg, from which, Wednesday night, he was only a few miles distant, Lord Roberts himself is at Elandsfontein junction. His forces will be placed to the south, west and north of Johannesburg, subsequent to the surrender of the city. These units will probably be reconcentrated while Gen, French advances from the advantageous position he already occupies.

Main Army Following Closely. The main army is converging towards the railroad, following closely on his heels.

Supposing that Johannesburg surrenders Thursday noon, Pretoria should be reached by June 2, opposition or no opposition. Gen. Brabant's loss of 40 men is striking evidence that the annexation of the Free State by TO CRUSH OUT LAWLESSNESS. no means implies its pacification.

Press Acknowledgements. The afternoon papers all acknowledge the prompt friendliness of the United States consul at Pretoria, Mr. Adelbert S. Hay, in insisting on the release of a number of Brisish officers oners in order to avert a disturbance among the latter.

President Kruger is reported to be ill at Lydenburg and that the ammonition of the Boers is running short. DISPATCH FROM LORD ROBERTS.

The Movements of Troops in the Vi-

cinity of Johannesburg.

30, 9 p. m., saying: have two heavy guns and several field with riot repeating shotguns, the guas, pom poms. Hamilton forthwith cartridges loaded with buckshot. An

"The right was led by the Gordons, who, after capturing one extremity of | will guard cars, which are to run day the ridge, wheeled around and worked and night. along it until after dark, clearing it of the enemy, who fought most obstinatecity, after having been given a satis- ly. The One Hundred and Fourth led force and crush it out a final effort on the other flank, and would not be was being made by a committee of law and that it does not matter how denied. The chief share in the action citizens at the Mercantile club to bring many innocent men are punished on is shown in the casualties, which fell to the Godrons, whose gallant advance excited the admiration of all.

a few miles further to the northeast. The Gordons, the cavalry, the mounted | that there was anything to arbitrate. infantry and the seventh division are A communication from the grievance holding the heights of the town. Tue eleventh division, with batteries "H"

south of Johannesburg. "Hamilton speaks in high terms of praise of the manner in which Bruce Hamilton and Col. Spens, of the Shropshire light infantry, handled their men, under Smith-Dorrien's direc-

PRESIDENT KRUGER'S FLIGHT.

Kruger, His Cabinet and Staff Officials, Leave Pretoria.

London, June 1, 3:35 a. m.-Belatca messages from Pretoria confirm the reports of the departure of Kruger with his cabinet and staff officials, Tuesday night, and the selection by a meeting of citizens of committees to administer the city provisionally. Since these telegrams left on Wednesday nothing has reached Lourenco Marques by telgraph from Pretoria. Possibly the wires have been cut.

M. H. Donohue, the correspondent of

Express savs:

mer Governor of Kentucky Charging Marder.

Frankfort, Ky., June 1.-The issuance of a beach warrant, yesterday, for the arrest of W. S. Taylor, former governor of Kentucky, was the first official notice that an indictment had been returned naming Mr. Taylor as an accessory to the murder of William Goebel. The indictment was filed and entered of record of April 19. It reads:

"The grand jury of the county of Famklin, in the name and by the authority of the commonwealth of Kentucky, accuse Wm. S. Taylor, of this commenwealth, of being accessory before the fact to the wilful murder of William Goebel, committed as follows, viz: The said William S. Taylor, in the said County of Franklin, on the Soth day of January, A. D., 1900, and before the finding of this indictment, unlawfully, willfully and feloniously of his malice aforethought, and with intent to bring about the death and while at Dover, Portsmouth and many procure the murder of William Goebel, Gid conspire with Caleb Powers, F. W. Henry Youtsey, Charles Finley, W. H. the best legal talent to aid it in draw-Culton, John Howard, Berry Howard. Harlan Whittaker, Richard Combs and | as a "real anti-trust bill." others to this grand jury unknown, and did counsel, advise, encourage, aid and it will squeeze all the water out and procure Henry Youtsey, James Howard, Berry Howard, Harlan Whit- pressing the people," said a republican sons to this grand jury unknown, un- | councils. lawfully, willfully, feloniously and of their malice aforethought to kill and murder William Goebel, which one of the last five-named persons or another | and that the chances were very much person acting with them, but who to this grand jury is unknown, as aforesaid, then and there, thereunto by the said W. S. Taylor before the fact committed, advised, encouraged, aided and procured, did, by shooting and wounding the said Goebel, with a gun or ristol, loaded with powder and other explosive and leaden and steel ball and other hard substances, and from which aid shooting and wounding the said Goebel died on the 3d day of February, 1900, but which of said last abovementioned persons so as aforesaid actually fired the shot that killed the said Goebel is to this grand jury unknown, against the peace and dignity of the

commonwealth of Kentucky." The bench warrant commands the sheriff or other arresting officer to arrest W. S. Paylor and deliver him to the jailer of Franklin county. On the back of the indictment about fifty persons are named as witnesses for the commonwealth.

The bench warrant was placed in the hands of Deputy Sheriff John Suter, who is acting in the absence of the sheriff, who is at Hot Springs

Sheriff of St. Louis Swearing in Iwenty-Five Hundred Special Deputies of the Best Citizens.

St. Louis, June 1,-The sheriff of St to take command of the Brisish pris- the work of summoning citizens for a pesse comitatus to aid in preserving in the city. Wednesday the board of friends. police commissioners, by the authority vested in them by the police law enacted at the last session of the legislature, directed the sheriff to furnish a posse of 1,000 men, but vesterday they decided this number insufficient London, May 31, 11:02 a. m .- The and directed that the sheriff furnish war office has received from Lord Rob- an additional 1,500 men, making a erts a dispatch dated Germiston, May posse of 2,500 men in all. The sheriff swere in about one hundred and fifty "The brunt of the fighting yesterday | men yesterday for this duty, and exfell upon Ian Hamilton's column. I pects to have the entire posse of have sent him, as already mentioned, 2,500 men organized by Saturto work around to the west of Jo- day. In preparing the lists Mr. hannesburg, in support of French's Pohlman selected men of the highest cavalry, which was directed to go north | crder, and as a result some of the most near the road leading to Pretoria. I prominent merchants and professional have not heard from French yet, but | n.en in St. Louis have been or will be Hamilton, in a report which has just called on. Few of these men made efreached me, states that at about one fort to evade the duty they were called o'clock in the afternoon he found his upon to perform. Unpleasant as it is, way blocked by the enemy strong!" most said they would cheerfully serve posted on some kopjes and ridges because the good of the city demanded three miles south of the Rand. They it. The entire posse is to be armed interesting announcement is that of Chief Campbell, that the citizens' posse

While preparations were in progress to meet rioting with overwhelming

about an agreement between the St. Louis Transit Co. and its former emploves. Mr. Whittaker sent a com-"Hamilton is now at Florida, due munication to the committee, stating west of Johannesburg, and French is that the officers of the company were willing to arbitrate if it could be shewn committee of the strikers repeated several propositions previously made for and "G," and the heavy artillery, are a settlement, and that body was asked to modify two of them. The gentlemen of the citizens' committee expressed themselves as hopeful that, with mutual concessions, they would be able to mediate the differences and end the strike, which began just 25

State Guard Mustered Out.

Frankfort, Ky., June 1 .- Gov. Beckham yesterday afternoon issued an order mustering out ten companies of the state guard. All except two of them are located in mountain towns, and were among those mustered into service during the political excitement just before and immediately following the state election last fall. It is understood that a number of other compenies are also to be disbanded, as the governor holds that the various regiments now have double their quota of

Death of Judge James Scammon. Kansas City, Mo., June 1.-Judge Some discussion is going on in Lon- James Scammon died at his home here don as to what will be done with Kru- yesterday, the result of an attack of ger if he is captured. One idea is that | paralysis suffered over a year ago. He he will be sent to St. Helena and that | practiced law in Kansas City for 20 he will be tried for treason. The Daily | years, and was one of the most prominent members of the bar in the state. "Mr. Kruger's London agent has 'n. He was born in Strotham, N. Y., and vested £140,000 of the President's married a daughter of Rev. J. S. Evermoney in lands and mines. This took lingham, of Sandusky, N. Y. Mrs. place before the war broke out and to Scammon was formerly president of this fact may be ascribed the fact of the National Federation of Womans' the Transvaal authorities' failure to clubs. The body will be sent to St. blow up the mines. Louis for cremation.

National Center of Leg-

islation.

Failure of Congress to Legislate slow in contributing this time. So the Against Trusts-The Cuban Steel and Mining Troubles-Imperialism

[Special Correspondence.] The republicans are in a blue funk because they realize that the country is already sitting in judgment on the failure of their congress to legislate in restraint of trusts. Their alleged very much disheartened over the prosconstitutional amendment fell so flat that it became imperatively necessary to construct something else that could

be used for a campaign scarecrow. The ways and means committee is Golden, John L. Powers, John Davis, holding night sessions and calling in in evidence. ing up what the republicans advertise

"This is going to be constitutional of trusts and prevent them from optaker, Richard Combs and other per- who stands very high in administration

It was pointed out that the date set for the introduction of the bill would only be a week before adjournment against its being pushed through both houses, even if the republican majority desired such a result.

"Well, of course, it may not be passed this session," said this same optimistic manufacturer of campaign material, "but at any rate it will show the people what we intend to do and they ought to keep the republicans in power

when their intentions are so good." The trouble is that the people have grown tired of promises and good intentions on the part of the republicans. They had a clear majority in both houses and could have passed any desired anti-trust legislation long ago. The fact is that they never intended to meddle with the trusts and have only been frightened into a sham display of opposition at this late date because approaching anniversary of the birthday the voters of the country are already voicing their indignation at a party which not only refuses to restrain the mischievous tendencies of trusts but actually promotes their interests as far as possible by power of congress.

Republican Pretense. Even if a really effective anti-trust law were passed, the republicans could always find an attorney general, like | semble on the Fourth of July, and all patrithe present one, who would declare the otic citizens, regardless of past party affil-

A proposition to restrain trusts will be in nice company with the ship subsidy bill on one side of it and the armor plate steal on the other, not to say anything of the opportunities for trust exploitation so generously furnished Louis, J. H. Pohlman, began yesterday in legislating for Porto Rico outside the constitution and leaving the Philippines in the control of the presidentthe peace and upholding law and order which means Mark Hauna and his

> The republicans are a little late with their pretense of restraining trusts. This congress will be judged on what it actually did in relation to trusts, not what it proposed to do.

The Cuban Postal Frauds. The Cuban postal frauds gave one object lesson on the effect of imperialism, and the investigation of the Idaho mining troubles and the application of entering into his daily life. The Dingmartial law gives a twin lesson as to ley law prevents him importing from the dangers of militarism and a big

The republican majority of the house committee on military affairs try to justify the use of United States troops in imprisoning and finally exiling men. whose only proven offense was membership in a labor union. The wage workers of the country will not fail to cents; clocks, each dollar of value, t note this, and they fear that militarism will be found a much more convenient toll than the usual injunction whenever an industrial disturbance occurs. It is not that the punishment of the over the country have condemned the ue, .082 cents; glassware, common, on riot and put themselves on record in each dollar's value, .067 cents; dried favor of punishing the guilty to the herring, per pound, 1 mill. Machetes, is that the administration and its party seem to think that martial law is a good substitute for state and federal suspicion that they are exercising their rights as citizens in belonging to a

The minority report on the Idaho trouble shows that Gen. Merriam and Gov. Steunenberg cooperated in an application of martial law which has no precedent in this country. Every accusation as to the cruelties of the bullpen was sustained and it was shown that martial law is still in force in Idaho for the sole purpose of enforcing the "permit" system.

The wage workers of the country are alarmed at this disposition to take away from them the protection of the constitution and substitute an irresponsible militarism. One of the first results of the Idaho investigation is shown in Speaker Henderson's report to President McKinley that the army reorganization bill cannot pass the house. He said if it did the next house would surely be democratic. The democratic congressional committee is sure that it will be democratic anyway, but the administration is very much grieved over the failure of the army

Application of Imperialism. While an adjournment early in June is confidently advertised by the republicans, there is plenty of work on hand for congress. The house makes slow progress with the Alaskan code. It is a most voluminous bill and the demo- and fattened ones be able to pay their to thoroughly sift a number of its most objectionable features. Among other things it is proposed to very much extend the power of the administration-appointed judges and to curtail the cases in which trial may be had by jury. The whole code shows the application of imperialist notions, that is taking the power from the people and putting it into the hands of the administration.

senate but will probably get through -half of them democratic taxpayers. the house without much debate. It is -Chicago Chronicle.

a foregone conclusion that congress will let the Philippines alone and direet the president to pursue any policy he chooses. The republicans are so thoroughly scared over the Cuban rottenness that they dread any mention Items of General Interest from the of the Philippines. The scandals ere much greater there, but the administration hopes to censor everything until after election

Hanna's Campaign Fund.

Mark Hanna's campaign fund is by REPUBLICANS PLAYING A SHAM GAME. no means as large as he desires. The various interests which he assessed so successfully four years ago are very republicans instead of boasting of their \$25,000,000 campaign fund as they did Gaining Ground-Hanna's Fund a few weeks ago, are talking of a "campaign of education." That is a pleasant euphemism for a campaign of misrepresentation. But even that takes a lot of money. And the congressmen who voted for the Porto Rico bill and other administration iniquities, under a promise of a big campaign fund, are pect of facing indignant constituents and trying to make a campaign on principle. The democrate can do that, but it is a little difficult for the republicans with the record of this congress

ADOLPH PATTERSON.

TO DEMOCRATIC CLUBS. William R. Hearst, President of the National Association, Issues

an Address.

Washington, May 31 .- Mr. William R. Hearst, president of the National Association of Democratic Clubs, had a formal conference with the principal democratic leaders in Washington at the Metropolitan hotel regarding the plan of campaign to be followed in the approaching presidential struggle. Senator Jones, chairman of the democratic national committee; Representative Richardson, democratic leader in the house, and chairman of the congressional committee, Judge Chauncey F. Black; Representative Slavden and others were present. It was agreed that the democratic national committee, the Association of Democratic Clubs and the democratic congressional campaign committee should work in harmony. At the close of the conference President Hearst issued the following:

"To the Democratic Clubs and Societies of the United States: Recent events in the history of the United States point to the of the nation as a day that should be cele-brated with special fervor this year. There are those in the nation who seek to create the impression that the American people have outgrown their love for the just principles of government expressed in the Dec-laration of Independence and are ready to surrender their moral leadership among nations in order to gratify a newly born in stinct for imperial power, founded on a colonial system. All the democratic clubs and societies are earnestly requested to asnew pledge of fidelity to the republic as the fathers made it. Let the people of the United States unite in their various cities, towns and villages in a demonstration o the confidence they feel in the form of government under which the nation has grown to its present greatness. The danger which threatens the country is real and imminent It seems appropriate, therefore, that citi-Independence is not merely an academic locument should meet together on this day and give voice to the national sentiment that all men are created free and equal and that there must be no subject

colonies under the American flag. "W. R. HEARST. President of National Association of Dem-

Poor Porto Rico. The Porto Rican consumer-by the juggling of the administration barred as a citizen of the republic-must import from the United States all articles elsewhere, and it charges him this toll: Corn, 3 cents per bushel; corn meal, 31/2 cents per bushel; oatmeal, 2 mills per pound; oats, 3 cents per bushel; brooms, each, 7 mills; cotton cloth, per yard, valued at 12 cents, 6 mills; wire nails, per pound, 11/2 mills; boots and shoes, valued at \$1, .037 cents; lard, each pound at 6 cents, 3 mills; butter, each pound valued at 14 cents, 6 mills; soap, on each pound valued at 10 cents, 3 mills; beans, per bushel, 7 cents; household furniture, rioters in Idaho is condemned. On the on each dollar's value, .067 cents; earthcontrary the labor organizations all enware, common, on each dollar's valfullest extent of the law. The trouble | it is pleasing to note, go in free of duty.

-The Verdict.

A Campaign Dodge. If the republicans in congress really had a remedy for trusts, why did they hold it till the last days of the session, when it is impossible to get it through? The constitutional amendment will take years to become incorporated in. that instrument, even if it is started on its course immediately. As a remedy it is a joke. This report of the house judiciary committee is so transparently a campaign dodge that it will fall flat. The republican McKinley administration has so diligently promoted trusts and all their works that a pompous anti-trust declaration by a congressional committee will not deceive the people as to the party attitude on the subject. After election we shall hear no more of the proposed amendment .- St. Louis Post-Dispatch. --- As the trusts are already forwarding contributions to the republican campaign fund, it is not a violent

(Mont.) Independent. Republican Party in Danger. It is felt at the white house and the Hanna headquarters that if the republic is not in danger, the republican party is. The whole crown colonial system is menaced by the Cuban exposures. The loot, if not the bread of proconsuls, tetrarchs, centurions, tax farmers and an army of smaller fry is in peril. How will all these favored sustained and protected in the enjoy ment of their ample and prearranged opportunities? This is a problem in long division which is causing headache and horror in the highest party

isfied with the anti-trust resolutions of

the republican conventions,-Helena

quarters.-Washington Times. -"At the close of the Bryan cam paign," shouts a republican, "the gold in the treasury was only \$97,000,000; now it is \$426,000,000." And every dol-The Philippine bill tarries in the lar was taken out of taxpayers' pockets

Better Blood Better Health

If you don't feel well to-day you can be made to feel better by making your blood better. Hood's Sarsaparilia is the great pure blood maker. That is how it were that tired feeling, pimples, sores, salt rheum, scrofula and catarrh. Get a bottle of this great medicine and begin taking it at once and see how quickly it will bring your blood up to the Good Health point.

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The Man Better Reform. To a man who never can make his salary stretch from one payday to the next a learned financial article on "The Elasticity of Our Currency" must seem bitter sarcasm.

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He (ardently)-I am heels over head in love with you. She (the cruel coquette)— How awfully upset you must be! Town

Piso's Cure is the best medicine we ever used for all affections of the throat and lungs.—Wm. O. Endsley, Vanburen, Ind., Feb. 10, 1900.

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The Best Prescription for Chilis and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price, 50c.

not always mean that he is willing to do the work he is capable of doing, at the market price.—Atchison Globe. Try Yucatan Chill Tonie (Improved).

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Cures chills, fevers and malaria. Pleasant to take. Cure guaranteed. Price, 50 cents. The sponge, unlike men, generally swells with pride when made to "take water."—

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Norristown Herald.

A child sometimes gets on the wrong track because of a misplaced switch. — Chicago Daily News.

Dyeing is as simple as washing when you use Putnam Fadeless Dyes. Sold by all As a moss gatherer the rolling joke heads the list. - Chicago Daily News.

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Clara Kopp Wrote for Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Tells what it did for Her.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM :- I have seen so many letters from ladies who were cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies that I thought I would ask your advice in regard to my condition.

I have been doctoring for four years and have taken different patent medicines, but received very little benefit. I am troubled with backache, in fact my whole body aches, stomach feels sore, by spells get short of breath and am very nervous. Menstruction is very irregular with severe bearing down pains, cramps and backache. I hope to hear from you at once."-CLARA KOPP, Rockport,

"I think it is my duty to write a letter to you in regard to what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. I wrote you some time ago, describing my symptoms and asking your advice, which you very kindly gave. I am now healthy and cannot begin to praise your remedy enough. I would say to all suffering women, Take Mrs. Pinkham's advice, for a woman best understands a woman's sufferings, and Mrs. Pinkham, from her vast experience in treating female ills. can give you advice that you can get from no other source." "-CLARA KOPP. Rockport, Ind., April 13, 1899.

Ind., Sept. 27, 1898.

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